



9 March

NEW SEATING CHART

# French Revolution: Success or not?

Agenda:

1. Primary Source Analysis
2. Starting on Worksheet

# Today's Goals:

- Analyze primary and secondary sources to create an argument about whether the French Revolution was a success or not.

# French Rev: Success or Not?

- We've covered the major events of the French Revolution!
- Now we need to analyze whether the Revolution was a success or not!

# Original Goals?

- What were the Revolution's original goals?
- What did the National Assembly first demand?
- Constitutional Monarchy, Equality, and Justice.
- Wanted a Constitution and they created the Declaration of Rights of Man

# Did they achieve these goals?

Analyze the sources compiled in the document as well as your notes and worksheets.

Was the end result a success?

This worksheet will help prepare you for your timed write

# Haitian Revolution

- Today's goals:
  - Be able to identify the major reasons for the uprising and explain the ramifications of the revolution





# Haiti



- Hayti, Taino word for the island
- Western half of Santo Domingo, aka Hispaniola
- French colony of Saint-Domingue, 1697-1804
- 2<sup>nd</sup> independent nation-state in Western Hemisphere
- Site of largest successful slave revolt in history



# French St. Domingue

- French Colony
- Richest Colony
- Sugar, rum, coffee, Sugar cane
- Slave labor



# People of St. Domingue

- African Slaves
- Free people of color
  - Some biracial
  - Some black
- Whites
  - Petit blancs
  - Plantation owners (grands blancs)
  - Many absentee owners

*The Demographics of Saint Domingue (1789-1790)*

	Free Whites	Free People of color	Slaves
<b>Population Breakdowns</b>			
(Total = 560,000)	32,000	28,000	500,000
Percentage of Population	6	5	89
Growth rate (%/yr)	1.35	4.5	6
Doubling time (yrs)	52	16	12
<b>Racial Makeup (%)</b>			
White	[90]	[15]	0
Black	0	35	[94]
Mulatto	[10]	50	[5]
Other	0	0	[1]
<b>Sex Ratios (%)</b>			
Men	80	45	60
Women	20	55	40
<b>Origins (%)</b>			
Immigrant	75	[5]	67
Native	25	[95]	33

*Note: Numbers in brackets are estimates.*

# Rebellion!

- Slaves were overworked and underfed
- Tired of suffering and inspired by talk of liberty and equality, slaves rose up in revolt in 1791.



# Boukman Rebellion, a massive slave revolt, 1791

- Secret meetings
- Toussaint L'Ouverture emerged as a leader
  - Spanish support originally to weaken France



# Boukman's Rebellion became a war

.**Toussaint L'ouverture's** army wins initial victory of 1791

.10,000 whites flee St.-Domingue (Haiti)

- National Assembly in France proclaims equality for all men
  - However, they maintain slavery in their colonies

.Racial violence:

.*petit blancs* v. free people of color



# Civil War in Haiti

- Years of fighting
- More lives lost than any other revolution in the Americas
- Spain, Britain, and France all sent armies to fight the rebels in Haiti.



# Results

- By 1798, rebels had achieved their goal!
  - Slavery abolished
  - Toussaint's forces controlled most of the island
- Toussaint became a French Official

# Toussaint rules Santo Domingo as Governor General, 1801-1802

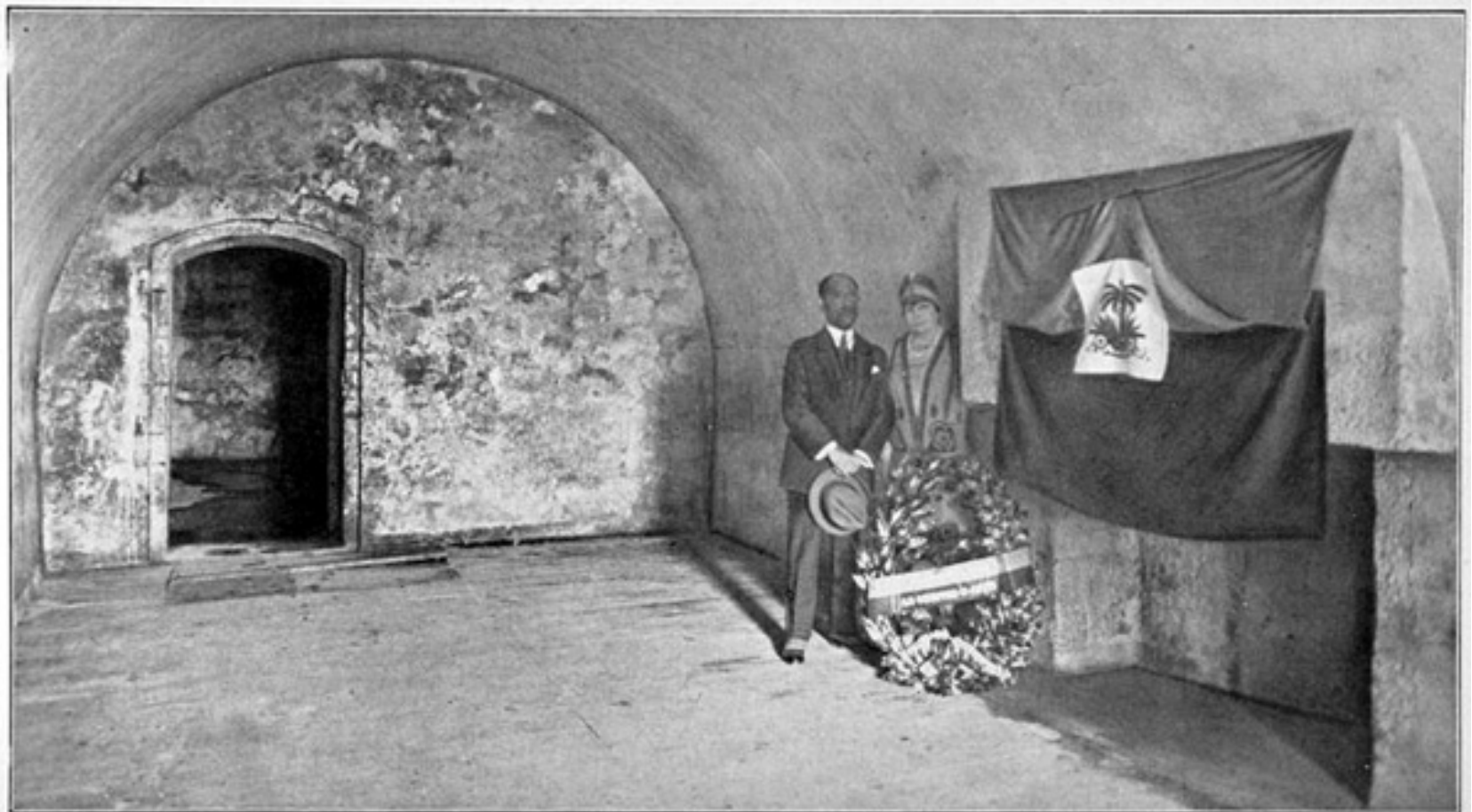
- Constitution of 1801 (All Santo-Domingo)
  - Abolished slavery
  - Elected legislature
  - Santo Domingo remains French
  - Toussaint L'Ouverture = Governor General for life

# Napoleon

- Napoleon had seized power in 1799 in France
- Sends army to Haiti in 1802 to reconquer St. Domingue
- Attempts to reinstitute slavery
- Massive French casualties
  - 50,000 of 58,000 die
- French commander agrees to a 'truce', deceives and imprisons Toussaint L'Ouverture

# Toussaint Dies in Prison

- Toussaint L'Ouverture dies in a French Prison in 1803



LE MINISTRE D'HAÏTI ET MADAME NEMOURS DANS LE CACHOT DE TOUSSAINT-LOUVERTURE

# Haitian Independence Continued

- Cause for independence continued after Toussaint's death
- Late 1803, yellow fever had destroyed the French army
  - France surrenders
- Island declares itself independent country in January of 1804.
  - New name: Haiti!
- Haiti eventually becomes a republic in 1820

# Haitian Revolution in World History

- Napoleon abandons idea of empire in the Americas after losing Haiti
  - sells Louisiana to the USA
- News spreads to the US
  - Rebellious slaves
  - Paranoid slaves
- Haitian government shelters Simon Bolivar, before his successful wars of independence
- Toussaint L'Ouverture becomes a hero to

# Haitian Revolution cont.

- Haitian Revolution Documentary
  - Guided Notes correspond to the video